



South Africa ends contact tracing, quarantines, and Covid tests for asymptomatic people. This is the correct decision when the pandemic has ended and Covid is now endemic. All countries should do the same.

L'Afrique du Sud met fin à la recherche et au suivi des cas contacts, aux quarantaines et aux tests Covid pour les personnes asymptomatiques. C'est la bonne décision à prendre lorsque **la pandémie est terminée et que le Covid est maintenant endémique**.
. Tous les pays devraient faire de même.



Afrique du Sud : changements radicaux en matière de gestion COVID19

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3. Quarantining for contacts of confirmed cases of Covid-19

- 3.1 All quarantine is to be stopped with immediate effect
- 3.2 This applies to both vaccinated and unvaccinated contacts
- 3.3 No testing for Covid-19 is required irrespective of the risk exposure unless the contact becomes symptomatic.

4. Isolation

- Isolation rules are applicable to both vaccinated and unvaccinated individuals
- Isolation rules are applicable to high and low risk individuals
- Return to work from Day 10 onwards must always take into consideration the individual's clinical status. Only those patients well enough to work should do so.

4.1 Asymptomatic individuals

- a) No isolation period required
- b) To do self-observation for 5-7 days for development of any symptoms with enhanced precautions including avoiding attending settings where many people gather, mask wearing and social distancing.

4.2 Mild disease

Mild disease refers to persons who have symptoms and have tested positive but who do not require hospitalization, do not have shortness of breath, dyspnoea or abnormal chest imaging.

Mild disease symptoms and signs include but are not limited to the following: fever, cough, sore throat, malaise, headache, muscle pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, loss of taste and smell.

- a) Isolation period is maintained at 8 days.
- b) The person in this category must wear a mask at all times (even at home, work and all public spaces) for the duration of the 8 days period of isolation.
- c) Where a health care worker returns to work after Day 8 such a worker must wear a N95 mask at all times and must at all times avoid contacts with extremely high risk patients (especially severely immune-compromised patients).
- d) There is no need for Covid-19 test (either PCR or antigen test) to be performed prior to returning to work after 8 days isolation period.
- e) For mild cases, isolation beyond 8 days must be supported by the medical report.

4.3 Severe Disease

Severe disease refers to persons who test positive and have exacerbated symptoms (i.e. shortness of breath, dyspnoea, chest pain and abnormal chest imaging) and who require hospitalization to manage the clinical presentation.

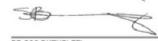
- a) Isolation period is maintained at 10 days after clinical stability is achieved
- b) The person in this category must wear a mask at all times (even at home, work and all public spaces) for the duration of the 10 days period of isolation.
- c) Where a health care worker returns to work after Day 10, such a worker must wear a N95 mask at all times and must at all times avoid contacts with extremely high risk patients (especially severely immune-compromised patients).

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- k) There is no need for Covid-19 test (either PCR or antigen test) to be performed prior to returning to work after 10-day isolation period.
- l) For severe cases, isolation beyond 10 days must be supported by the medical report.

5. Return to work

All people that have been infected and have been in isolation, must be ready to return to work after completing mandatory period of isolation as above and no further testing is required after either 8 or 10 days of isolation.



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